1 WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

2	1. An enhanced CMOS circuit to drive a DC motor used in a portable
3	CD player, comprising:
4	a first and a second switching stage (10) (10'), wherein each switching
5	stage is formed by a pair of PMOS transistors (11) (12) connected in series and
6	a pair of NMOS transistors (13) (14) connected in series to form a push-pull
7	circuit; wherein one end of each switching stage is connected to a positive
8	power supply terminal with higher voltage, and another end is connected either
9	to ground or negative power supply terminal; wherein a node connecting the
10	pair of PMOS connectors (11) (12) and the pair of NMOS transistors (13) (14)
11	acts as an output of the switching stages (10) (10'); wherein a gate electrode of
12	one of the two PMOS transistors (11) and one of the two NMOS transistors (14)
13	are tied together to share a common input signal; a gate of the other PMOS
14	transistor (12) is connected to a first power source with a predetermined control
15	voltage, and a gate of the other NMOS transistor (13) is connected to a second
16	power source with a predetermined control voltage, to form a voltage divider,
17	whereby individual transistors tolerate an operating voltage; and
18	a driver stage (20) formed by two NMOS transistors (21) (22)
19	connected in series; wherein a node connecting the two NMOS transistors (21)
20	(22) is used as an output for connection to a DC motor (M); one of the two
21	NMOS transistors (21) is to receive gating signals from the first switching stage
22	(10); the other NMOS transistor (22) is to receive complementary signals from
23	the second switching stage (10').
24	2. The enhanced CMOS circuit to drive a DC motor according to claim

- 1 l, wherein the predetermined control voltage being applied on the gate of the
- 2 PMOS transistor (12), both in the first and second switching stages (10) (10'),
- 3 is to refer to an output voltage of 1.5-4 V from a first DC power supply.
- 4 3. The enhanced CMOS circuit to drive a DC motor according to claim
- 5 1, wherein the predetermined control voltage being applied on the gate of the
- 6 NMOS transistor (13), both in the first and second switching stages (10) (10'),
- 7 is to refer to an output voltage of 4.5V from a second DC power supply.
- 4. The enhanced CMOS circuit to drive a DC motor according to claim
- 9 1, wherein the predetermined control voltage being applied on one end of the
- driver stage (20) is to refer to an output voltage of 1.5-4V from a first DC
- 11 power supply.
- 5. The enhanced CMOS circuit to drive a DC motor according to claim
- 13 1, wherein the first DC power supply being connected to one end of the driver
- stage (20) is to be derived from battery power (BAT).
- 6. The enhanced CMOS circuit to drive a DC motor according to claim
- 2, wherein the first DC power supply being connected to the gate of PMOS
- transistor (12) of switching stages (10) (10') is to be derived from battery power
- 18 (BAT).
- 7. The enhanced CMOS circuit to drive a DC motor according to claim
- 20 3, wherein the second DC power supply being connected to the gate of NMOS
- 21 transistor (13) is to be drawn from system voltage.
- 22 8. The enhanced CMOS circuit to drive a DC motor according to claim
- 23 1, wherein the higher supply voltage of the positive power supply terminal
- being connected to one end of the first switching stage (10) is the summation of

- output voltages of the first DC power supply and the second DC power supply.
- 9. The enhanced CMOS circuit to drive a DC motor according to claim
- 3 1, wherein the higher supply voltage of the positive power supply terminal
- 4 being connected to one end of the second switching stage (10') is the
- 5 summation of output voltages of the first DC power supply and the second DC
- 6 power supply.

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